DM442S Digital Stepper Drive Manual







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1. Overview

The DM442S is a two phase digital stepper driver based on ARM technology. Its Microstep resolution and output current are programmable. And it has advanced control algorithm which brings a unique level of system smoothness, provides optimum torque and mid-range instability. The control algorithm of Multi-Stepping can allow stepper motor a smooth system performance. The control algorithm of torque compensation can improve the torque of motor at high speed. The control algorithm of motor self-test and parameter auto-setup offers optimum responses with different motors and easy-to-use. The control algorithm of smoothness can enhance the acceleration and decelerations.

2. Features

- ◆ Parameter auto-setup and motor self-test
- ♦ Multi-Stepping inside, small noise, low heat, smooth movement
- ◆ Torque compensation at high speed
- ◆ Variable current control technology, high current efficiency
- Accelerate and decelerate control inside, great improvement in smoothness of starting or stopping the motor
- ♦ Support PUL/DIR and CW/CCW modes
- \blacklozenge Storage the position of motor
- ♦ Optically isolated input and compatible with 5V or 24V
- ♦ User-defined microsteps
- ♦ Micro-step resolutions and Output current programmable

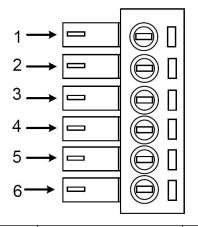
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- ♦ Over current and over voltage protection
- ◆ Automatic detection, flexible selection of pulse edge count mode
- ♦ Green light means running while red light means protection or off line

3. Ports Introduction

3.1 Control Signal Input Ports



Port	Symbol	Name	Remark
1010	bymoor	I vuille	rteintark
1	ENA-	Pulse signal -	Compatible with
2	ENA+	Pulse signal +	$5V \sim 24V$
3	DIR-	Direction signal-	Compatible with
4	DIR+	Direction signal+	$5V\sim 24V$
5	PLS-	Enable signal -	Compatible with
6	PLS+	Enable signal+	$5V\sim 24V$



3.2 Power Interface Ports

		$1 \rightarrow \square$ $2 \rightarrow \square$ $3 \rightarrow \square$ $4 \rightarrow \square$ $5 \rightarrow \square$ $6 \rightarrow \square$	
Port	Symbol	Name	Remark
1	B-	Phase B-	Motor Phase B
2	B+	Phase B+	Motor Thase B
3	A-	Phase A-	Motor Phase A
4	A+	Phase A+	Motor Phase A
5	V	Input Power +	DC 24 ~ 48V
6	GND	Input Power -	$DC 24 \sim 48V$

4. Technological Index

Input Voltage	DC24V-48V
Max Pulse Frequency	200k
Default communication rate	57.6kbps
Over voltage value	60V

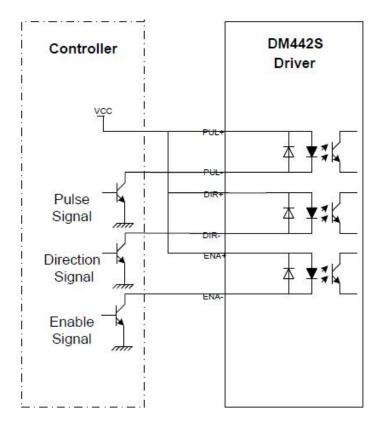


Overall Dimensions(mm)		115.7×69.3×26.65
Weight		Approximate 260g
	Environment	Avoid dust, oil fog and corrosive gases
	Operating	$0 \sim 70^{\circ} \text{C}$
	Temperature	0~70 C
Environme	Storage	-20°C~+80°C
nt	Temperature	-20 C~+80 C
	Humidity	40~90%RH
	Cooling	Natural cooling or forced air cooling
	method	Tratural cooling of forced an cooling



5. Connections to Control Signal

5.1 Connections to Common Anode

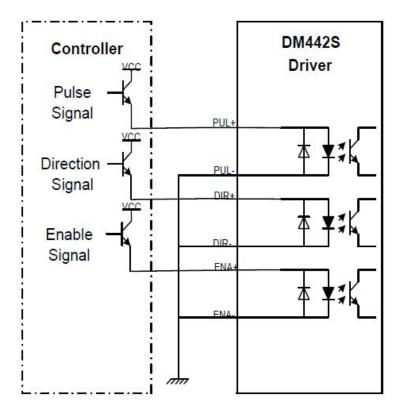


Remark:

VCC is compatible with $5V \sim 24V$;



5.2 Connections to Common Cathode

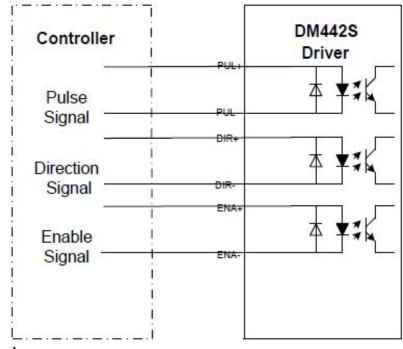


Remark:

VCC is compatible with $5V \sim 24V$;



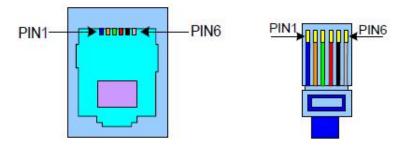
5.3 Connections to Differential Signal



Remark:

VCC is compatible with $5V \sim 24V$.

5.4 Connections to 232 Serial Communication Interface

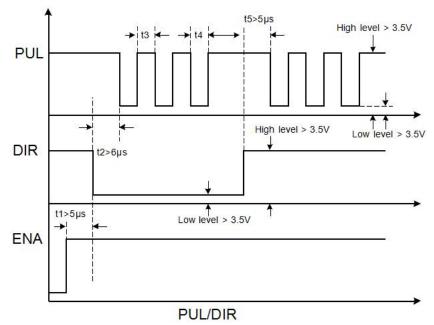




Crystal Head foot	Definition	Remark
1	TXD	Transmit Data
2	RXD	Receive Data
4	+5V	Power Supply for HISU
6	GND	Power Ground

5.5 Sequence Chart of Control Signals

In order to avoid some fault operations and deviations, PUL, DIR and ENA should abide by some rules, shown as following diagram:



Remark:



a. t1: ENA must be ahead of DIR by at least $5\mu s.$ Usually, ENA+ and $\,$ ENA- are NC (not connected).

b. t2: DIR must be ahead of PUL active edge by 6µs to ensure correct direction;

c. t3: Pulse width not less than $2.5 \ \mu$ s;

d. t4: Low level width not less than 2.5 μ s.

6. DIP Switch Setting

6.1 Introduction Of SW-2

6.1.1 Current Setting

The SW-2 current setting is in the following table.

Dials	switch			
Current		SW1	SW2	SW3
Peak	RMS			
1.0A	0.71A	on	on	on
1.46A	1.04A	off	on	on
1.91A	1.36A	on	off	on
2.37A	1.69A	off	off	on
2.84A	2.03A	on	on	off
3.31A	2.36A	off	on	off
3.76A	2.69A	on	off	off
4.2A	3.0A	off	off	off



6.1.2 Standstill current Setting

SW4 is used for setting the standstill current, "off" means the standstill current is set to be half of the selected dynamic current or other current, which can be set by the HISU, the details can be seen in the tenth sections. While "on" means the standstill current is set to be the same as the selected dynamic current.

6.1.3 Microsteps Setting

The microsteps setting is in the following table. And the microsteps can be also setting through the HISU. The details can be seen in the tenth sections.

SW-2 microsteps setting is in the following table.

Dial witch Microsteps	SW5	SW6	SW7	SW8
400	off	on	on	on
800	on	off	on	on
1600	off	off	on	on
3200	on	on	off	on
6400	off	on	off	on
12800	on	off	off	on
25600	off	off	off	on
1000	on	on	on	off
2000	off	on	on	off
4000	on	off	on	off
5000	off	off	on	off
8000	on	on	off	off
10000	off	on	off	off



20000	on	off	off	off
25000	off	off	off	off

6.2 Introduction of SW-1

The SW-1 switch is mainly a number of auxiliary functions, the auxiliary functions of the first three switch are respectively motor self detection, pulse counting mode and single pulse selection;Fourth and fifth are set for the smoothing coefficient, and the last one is reserved.

SW-1 switches auxiliary functions are shown in the following table.

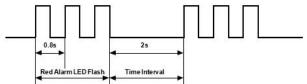
Selection DIP Switch	0	1
SW1	Run	Self test
SW2	Pules & Dir	CW/CCW
SW3	Rising Edge	Falling Edge

The smooth coefficients of the SW-1 switches are shown in the following table.

Smoothness	SW4	SW5
0	off	off
1	off	on
2	on	off
3	on	on

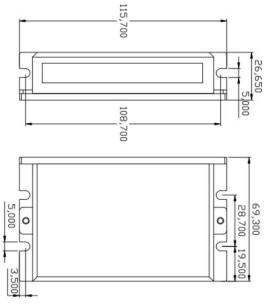


7. Faults alarm and LED flicker frequency



Flicker Frequen	Description to the Faults
1	Error occurs when the motor coil current exceeds the drive's current limit.
2	Voltage reference error in the drive
3	Parameters upload error in the drive
4	Error occurs when the input voltage exceeds the drive's voltage limit.

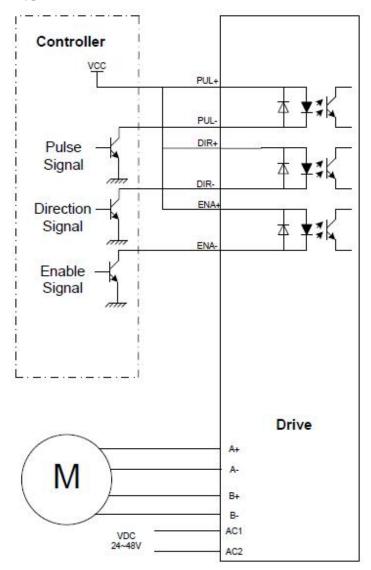
8. Appearance and Installation Dimensions





9. Typical Connection

Here is the typical connection of DM442S.





10. Parameter Setting

The parameter setting method of DM442S drive is to use a HISU adjuster through the 232 serial communication ports, only in this way we can set the parameters we want. There are a set of best default parameters to the corresponding motor which are carefully adjusted by our engineers, users only need refer to the following table, specific condition and set the correct parameters.

Mode	Definition	Range	Dimension	Drive Restart	Default Value
P1	Current loop Kp 0—4000		1	Y	1000
P2	Current loop Ki	0—1000	1	Y	100
P3	Damping coefficient	0—500	1	Ν	100
P4	Amplitude of first resonance point	0—100	1	Ν	0
P5	Phase of first resonance point	0—100	1	Ν	0
P6	Amplitude of second resonance point	0—100	1	Ν	0
P7	Phase of second resonance point	0—100	1	Ν	0
P8	Anti-resonance	0—1000	1	Ν	100
P9	Reserved				
P10	Enable signal level	0—1	1	Ν	0
P11	Initial direction selection	0—1	1	N	1

Actual value = Set value \times the corresponding dimension



P12	Reserved				
P13	Reserved				
P14	User-defined microsteps	4—1000	50	Y	0
P15	Time of standstill Half-current	0—4000	1ms	Y	1000
P16	Percentage of standstill current	0—100	1	Y	50
P17	Speed smoothness	0—10	1	Y	0
P18	Enable of position memory	0—1	1	Y	0
P19	User-defined resistance of motor	0—100	mh	Y	0
P20	User-defined inductance of motor	0—100	0.1ohm	Y	0
P21	Result of position memory	0—128	1		0
P22	Reserved				

There are total 22 parameter configurations, use the HISU to download the configured parameters to the drive, the detail descriptions to every parameter configuration are as follows:

Item	Description
Current loop Kp	The P1 and P2 is used to set Kp and Ki of Current loop
(P1) Current	at the moment of power-on. When the motor is turning,
loop Ki (P2)	the Kp and Ki is got by the Self-tuning algorithm.



Damping	This parameter is used to change the damping coefficient
coefficient (P3)	in case of the desired operating state is under resonance
coefficient (13)	frequency. This parameter is useful in high speed.
	DM442S Driver provides robust anti-resonance control
	to stop the vibrations and maintain equilibrium. Amp1
Amp 1—2	and Phase1 is Phase adjustment for 1st and Amplitude
Phase 1—2	adjustment for 1st resonance area respectively. Usually
(P4, P5, P6,	between 0.6rps and 1.2rps. Amp2 and Phase2 is Phase
P7)	adjustment for 2nd and Amplitude adjustment for 2nd
	resonance area respectively. Usually between 1.2rps and
	2.4rps.
Anti-resonance	This parameter is used for reducing resonance. Usually
coefficient (P8)	between 3rps and 4rps.
Enable signal	This parameter is set to control the Enable Input signal
level (P10)	level. 0 means high, while 1 means low.
Initial direction	For the initial direction selection, 1 indicates that the
selection (P11)	initial direction is the counter clockwise, and the 0
selection (111)	indicates the initial direction is clockwise.
	This parameter is set of user-defined microsteps. The
User-defined	actual microsteps = the set value \times 50. For example, if
microsteps	the parameter is 4, the microsteps is 4.
((P14)	\times 50 =800. But If this parameter is 0, which means
	microsteps is set by the outer DIP switches.
Time of	This parameter is set the time when the standstill current
standstill	is set to be half of the selected dynamic current or other
current (P15)	current.
Percentage of	This parameter is set the percentage of standstill current.
standstill	
current (P16)	



Speed smoothness (P17)	This parameter is set to control the smoothness of the speed of the motor while acceleration or deceleration, the larger the value, the smoother the speed in acceleration or deceleration.
Enable of position memory (P18)	This parameter is set to enable the function of position memory. 0 means disable, while 1 means enable. If set 1, the DM442S can remember the position of motor in the next time of power on.
User-defined inductance of motor (P19)	This parameter is set the inductance of motor. 0 means DM442S gets the inductance by control algorithm of Parameter auto-setup, while 1 means DM442S gets the inductance through user sets.
User-defined resistance of motor (P20)	This parameter is set the resistance of motor. 0 means DM442S gets the resistance by control algorithm of Parameter auto-setup, while 1 means DM442S gets the resistance through user sets.
Result of position memory (P21)	Display the result of position memory.

11. Frequently Asked Questions

11.1 The power light is off

■No power input, please check the power supply circuit.

■The voltage is too low.



11.2 The drive alarms when power on

- ■Please check the motor is connected with the drive.
- The stepper digital drive is over voltage or under voltage. Please lower or

increase the input voltage.

11.3 The motor does not rotate after being given pulse signals

- Please check the input pulse signal wires are connected in reliable way.
- Please make sure the input pulse mode is corresponding with the real input mode.
- ■The Driver is disabled.